



PUBLIC SECTOR  
SUMMIT ONLINE

# Improving your organization's security posture with AWS

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Security and Compliance Business Acceleration

Amazon Web Services

# Agenda

Ten places your security group should spend time

# Related breakouts

- Defending your data against ransomware threats with secure storage
- Using AWS security services to achieve advanced threat detection
- CI/CD at scale: Best practices with AWS DevOps services

Ten places your security group should spend time

# AWS CISO Steve Schmidt: The top ten list



## Ten places your security group should spend time

- 1 Accurate account info
- 2 Use MFA
- 3 No hard-coding secrets
- 4 Limit security groups
- 5 Intentional data policies
- 6 Centralize AWS CloudTrail logs
- 7 Validate IAM roles
- 8 Take action on GuardDuty findings
- 9 Rotate your keys
- 10 **Being involved in dev cycle**

“I really want people to focus on those elements that I think give them the **biggest bang for the buck** and also represent the areas where people **stub their toe** the most in the security space...”

– Steve Schmidt  
Vice President and Chief  
Information Security Officer  
Amazon Web Services

# Ten places security teams should spend time

- 1 Account contact info
- 2 Use MFA
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# 1. Accurate account information

## ▼ Alternate Contacts

[Edit](#)

In order to keep the right people in the loop, you can add an alternate contact for Billing, Operations, and Security communications. To specify an alternate contact, click the Edit button.

Please note that, as the primary account holder, you will continue to receive all email communications.

### **Billing** ⓘ

Contact: None

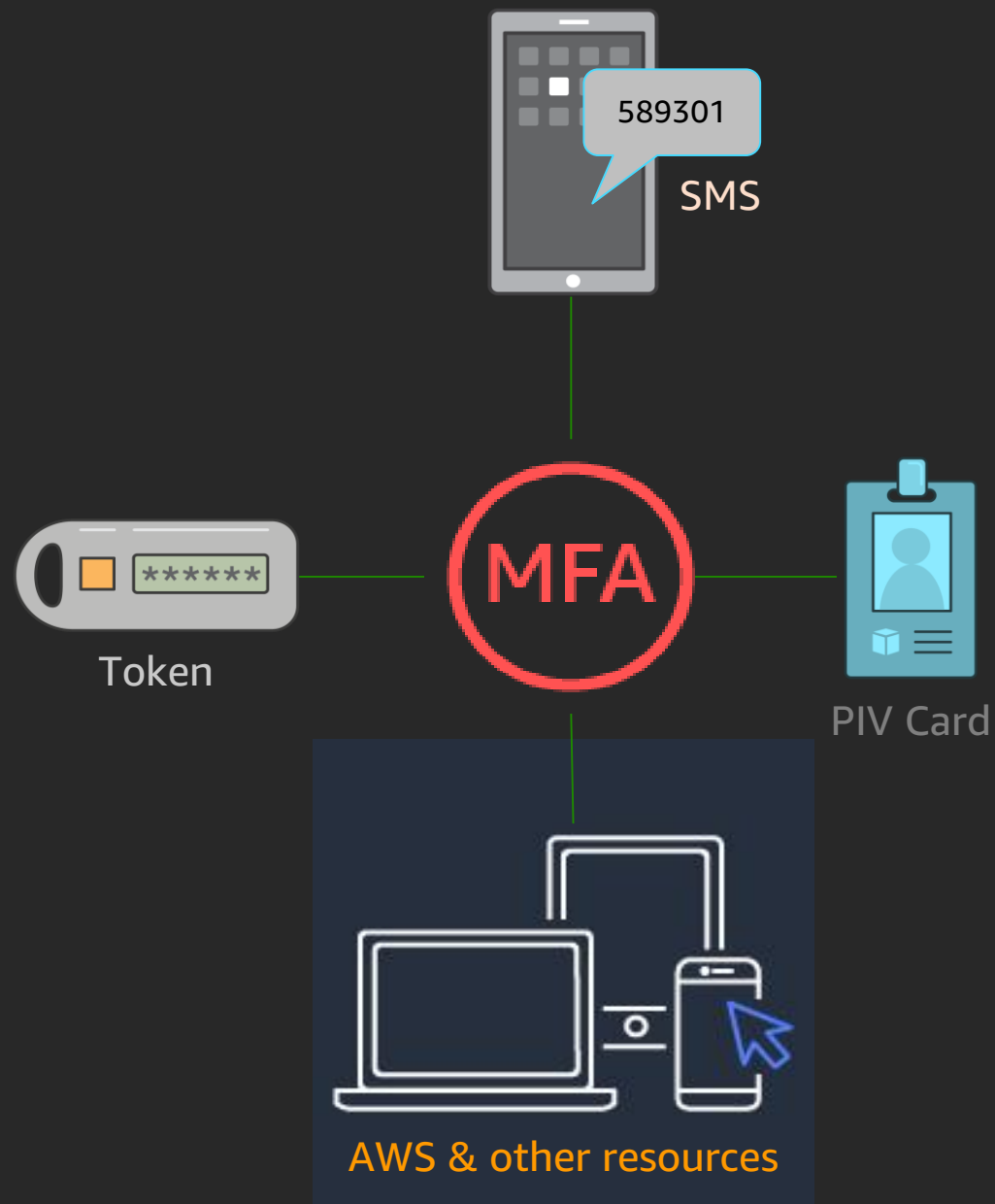
### **Operations** ⓘ

Contact: None

### **Security** ⓘ

Contact: None

## 2. Use multi-factor authentication (MFA)



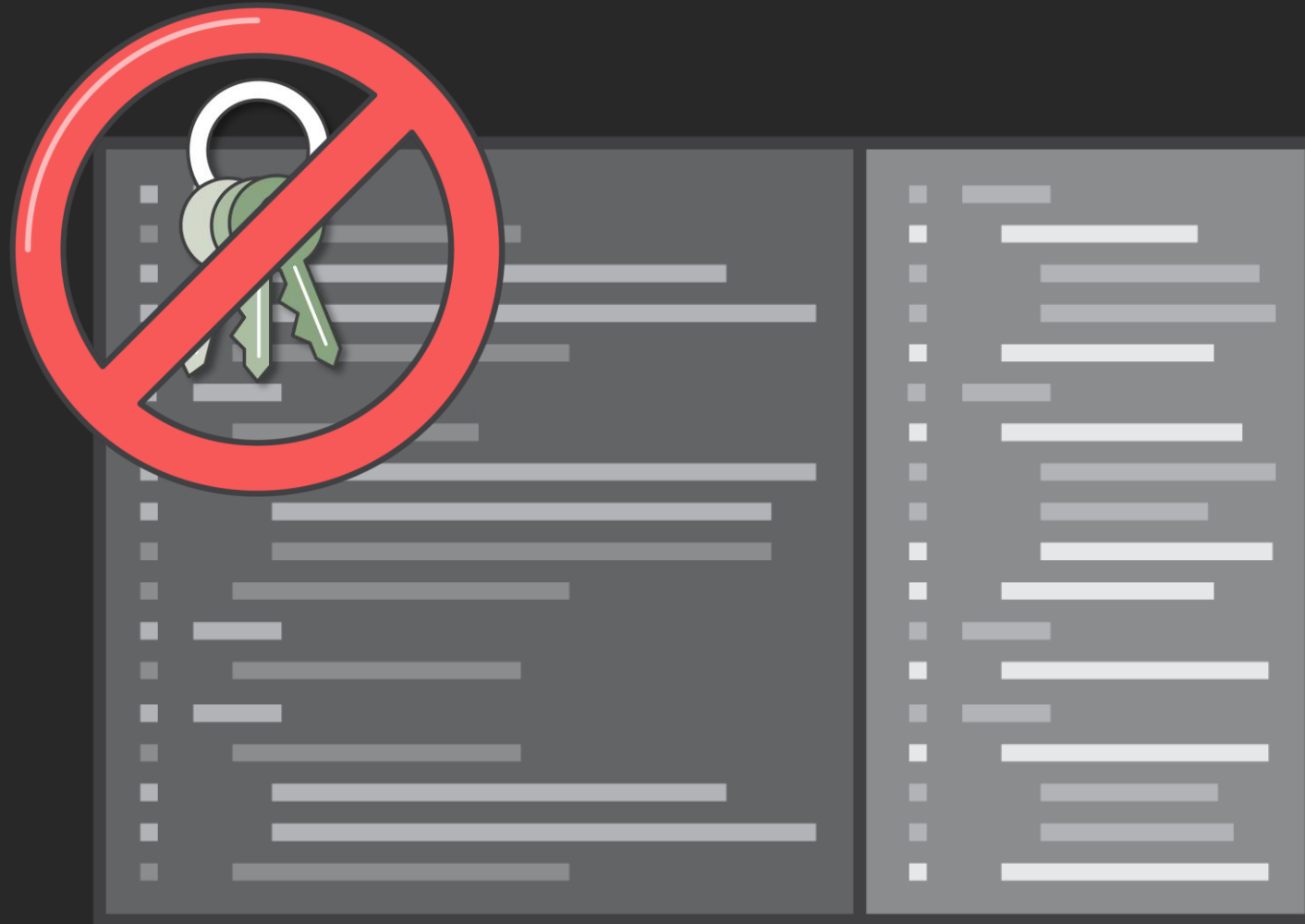
MFA adds an extra layer of protection on top of name and password for root, interactive IAM users

- Virtual MFA devices
- U2F security key
- Hardware MFA device
- SMS text message-based MFA (in preview)

Identity federation changes the approach, but not the best practice

- Use MFA at your identity provider
- Also works with AWS CLI (version 2)

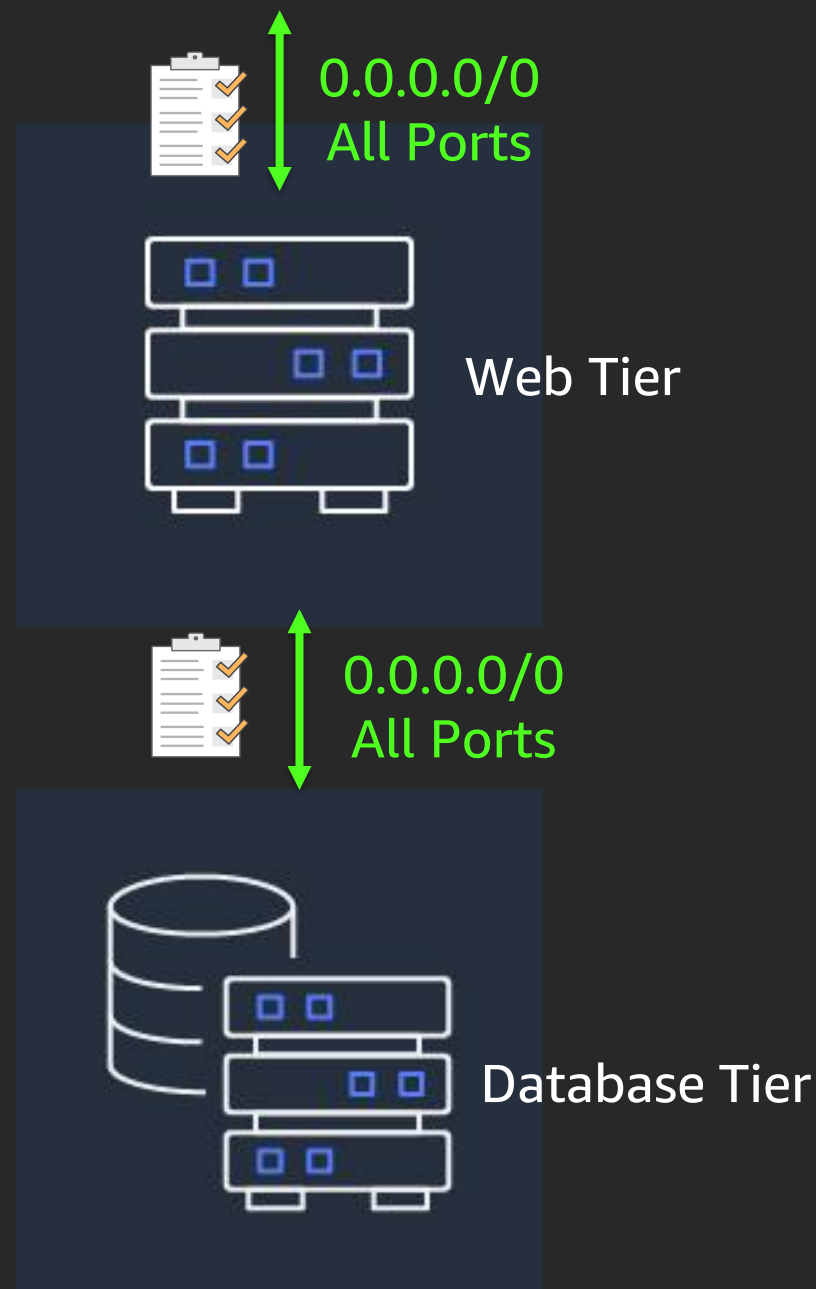
# 3. No hard-coding secrets



- **What are secrets?**
  - AWS keys or secret keys
  - UID/Password
- **Why?**
  - Risk of compromise
  - Impact of compromise
- **How do I protect my secrets**
  - Avoid long lived credentials where possible
  - Create AWS IAM roles to deliver temporary, short-lived credentials for calling AWS services
  - Use Secrets Manager to securely store and manage database credentials, API keys, and other secrets through their lifecycle

<https://aws.amazon.com/secrets-manager/>

# 4. Limit security groups



Ensuring that only the required ports are open and the connection is enabled from known network ranges is a foundational approach to security

- Use AWS Config or Firewall Manager to programmatically ensure security group configuration is what you intended
- Network reachability rules package analyzes your Amazon VPC network configuration to determine whether your Amazon EC2 instances can be reached from external networks
- Firewall Manager can also be used to automatically apply AWS WAF rules to internet-facing resources across your AWS accounts

# 5. Intentional data policies



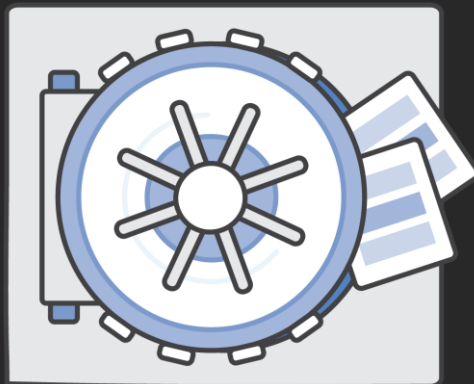
Data



Policies



Protected  
Data



## What is an intentional data policy?

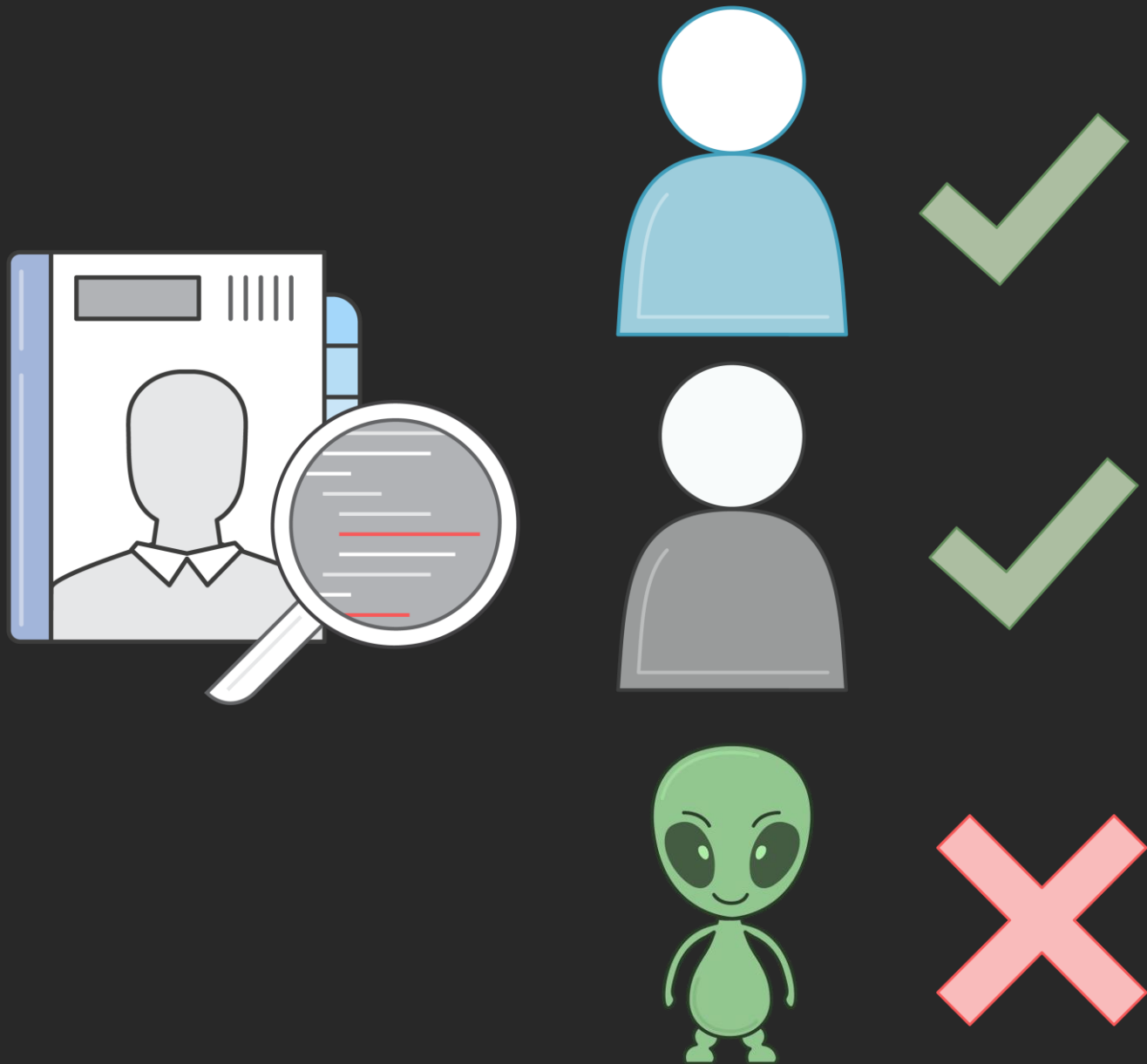
- **Specific** – e.g.
  - Data type
  - Storage service
  - Encryption method
  - Access control
  - Audit/logging
- **Guides decision making**
- **Ideally**
  - Can be expressed as code
  - Enables governance and compliance automation

## 6. Centralize CloudTrail logs



<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/athena/latest/ug/cloudtrail-logs.html>

# 7. Validate IAM roles



## Look for overly permissive roles

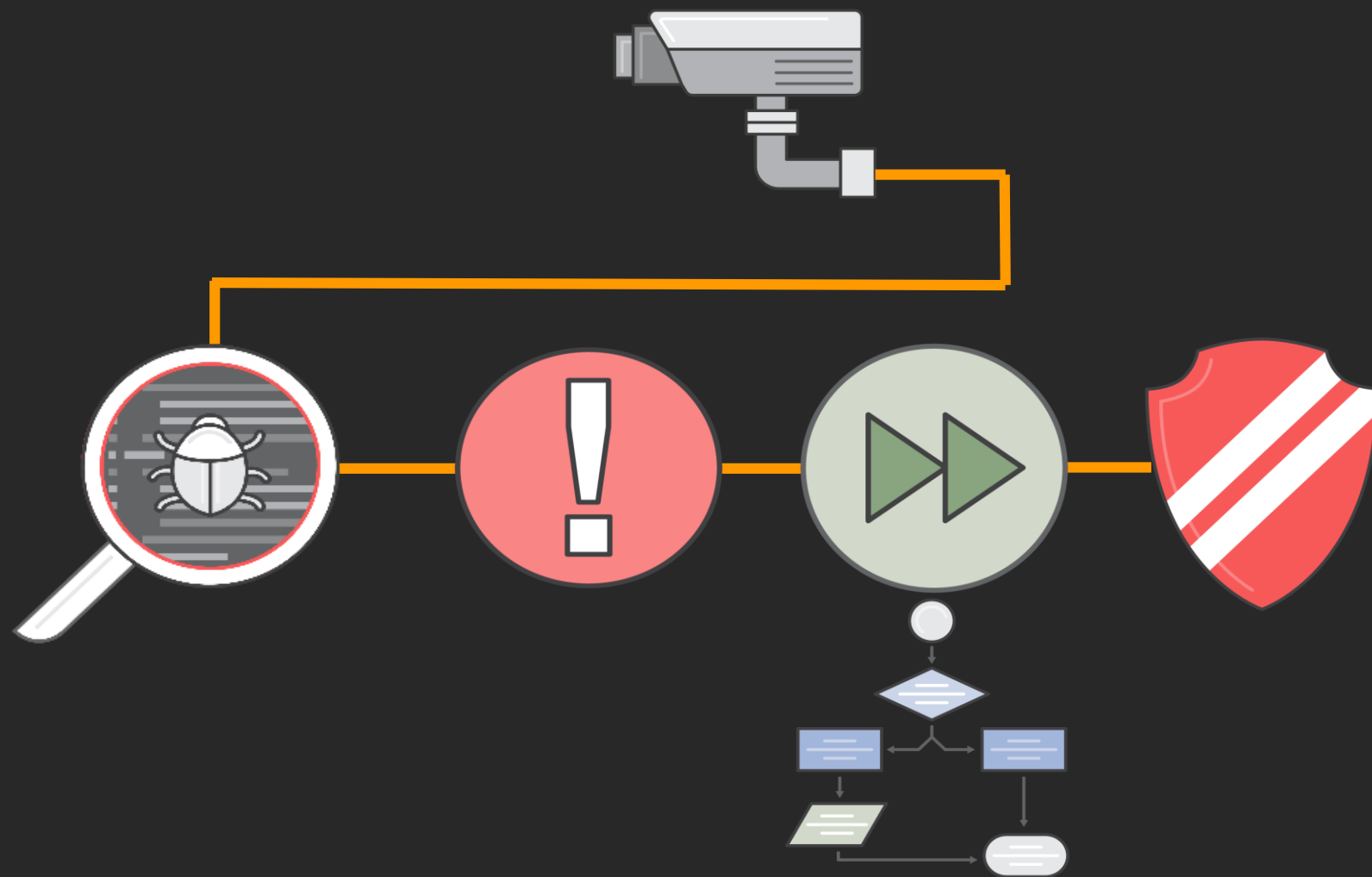
- Use IAM Access Analyzer
- Security Hub
- Third-party/open source tools

## Detect and remove unused roles

- Implement continuous monitoring of role activity using AWS Config  
<https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/security/continuously-monitor-unused-iam-roles-aws-config/>

<https://aws.amazon.com/iam/features/analyze-access/>

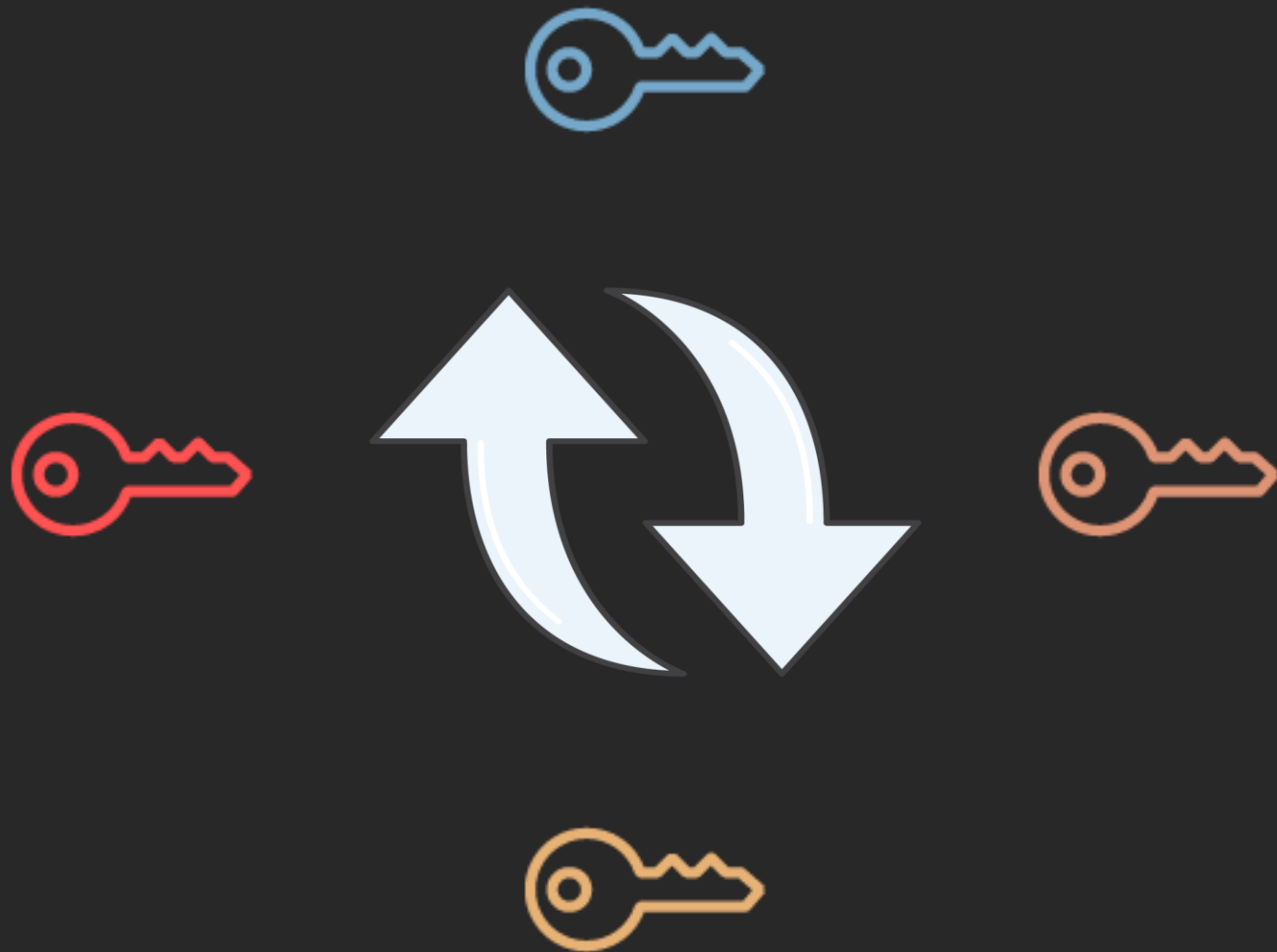
# 8. Take action on security findings



- GuardDuty
- Security Hub
- IAM Access Analyzer



# 9. Rotate your keys



- Avoid using long-term access keys
- Use IAM roles and federation
- If you need to use access keys rather than roles, you should rotate them regularly  
<https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/security/how-to-rotate-access-keys-for-iam-users/>
- Security Hub can check for IAM users with access keys that are long lived and haven't been rotated regularly

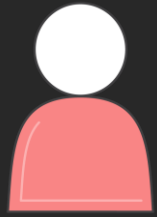
# 10. Be involved in the dev cycle

“I guarantee you’ll find interesting places where you can look, to see where you can do better as an organization.”

Steve Schmidt

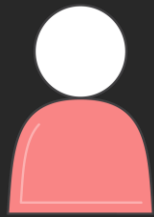
Vice President and  
Chief Information Security Officer  
Amazon Web Services

# Traditional governance flow



Strategy

# Traditional governance flow

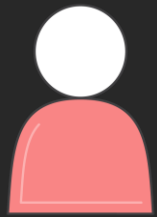


Strategy



Policy

# Traditional governance flow



Strategy

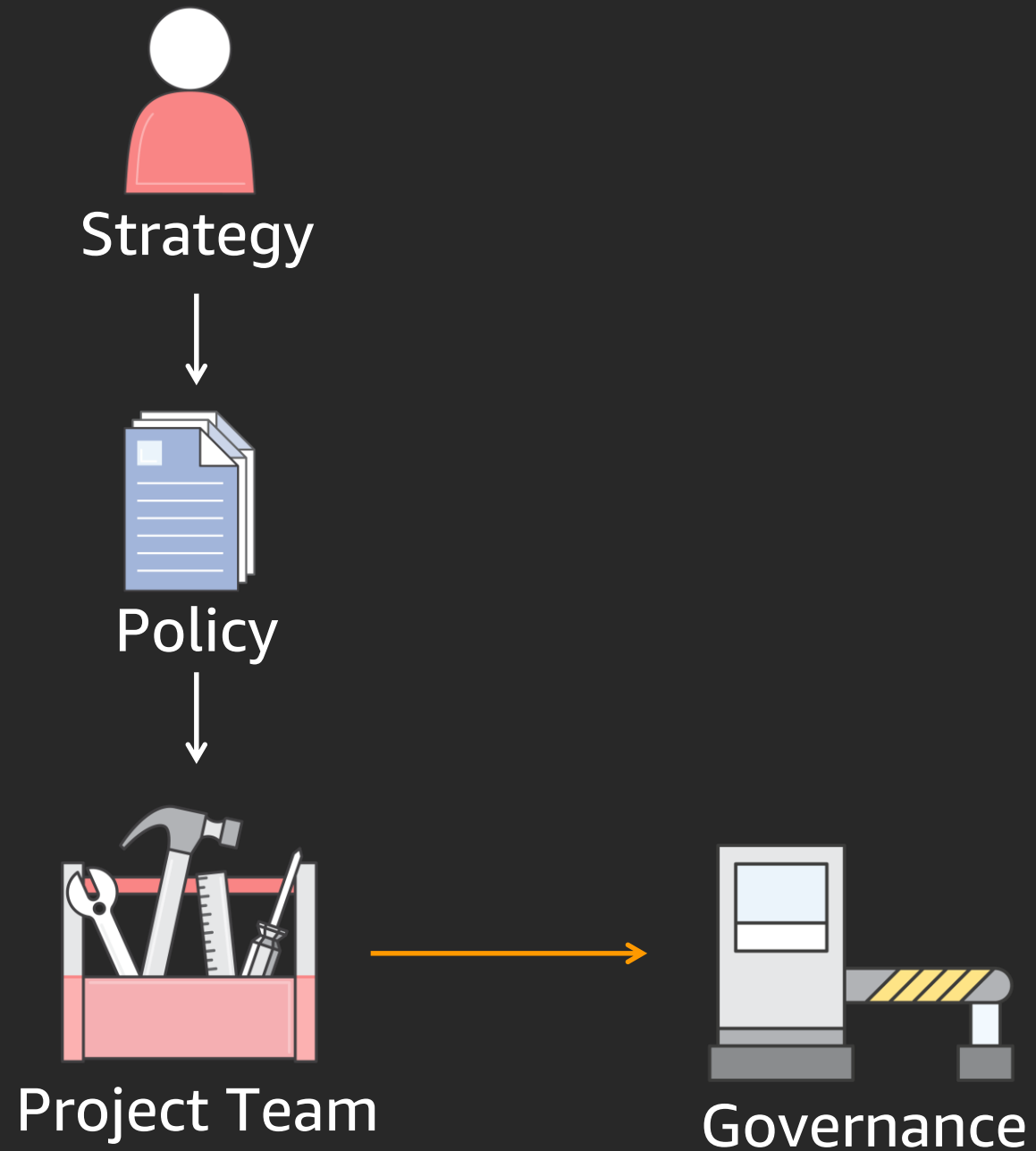


Policy

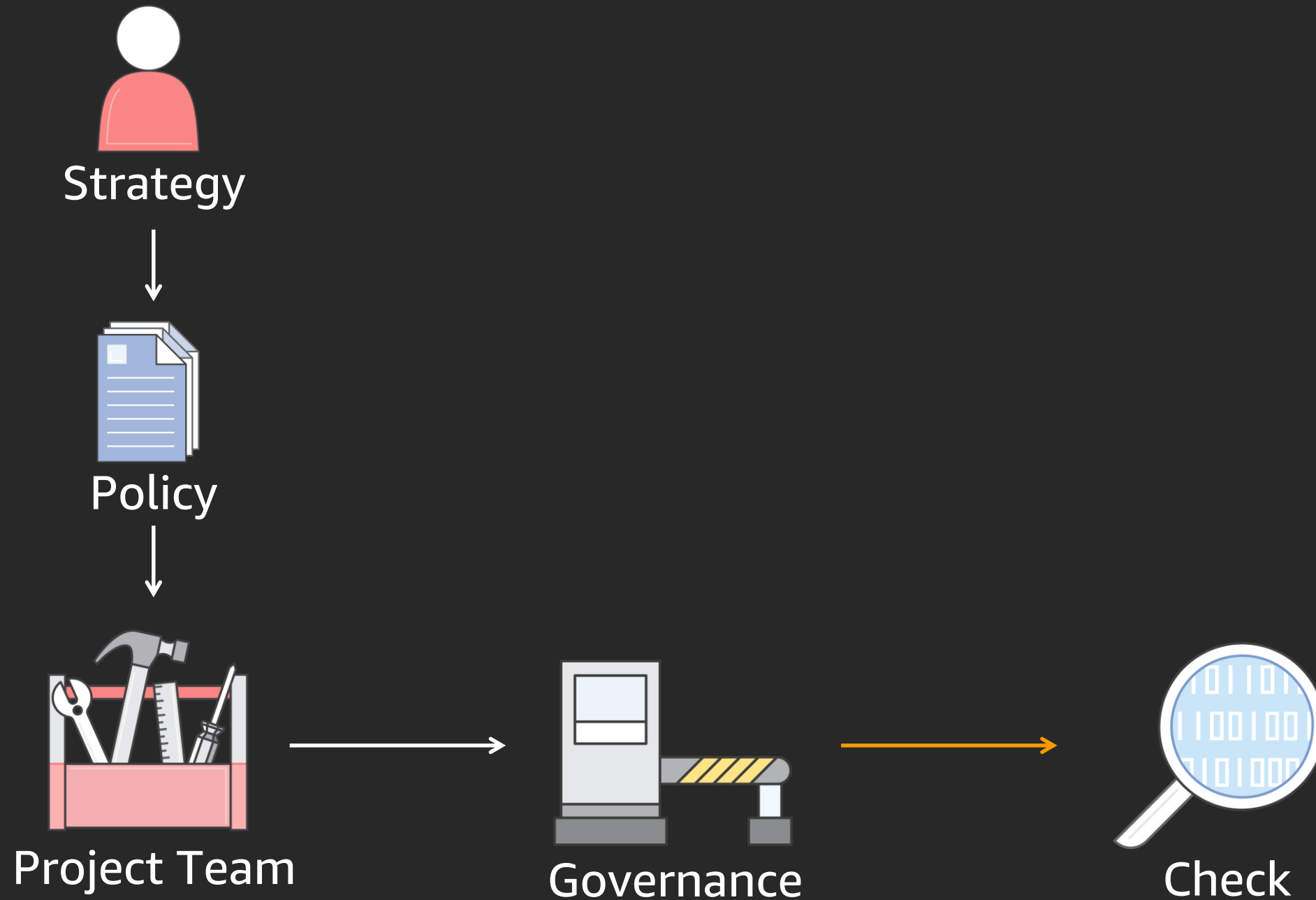


Project Team

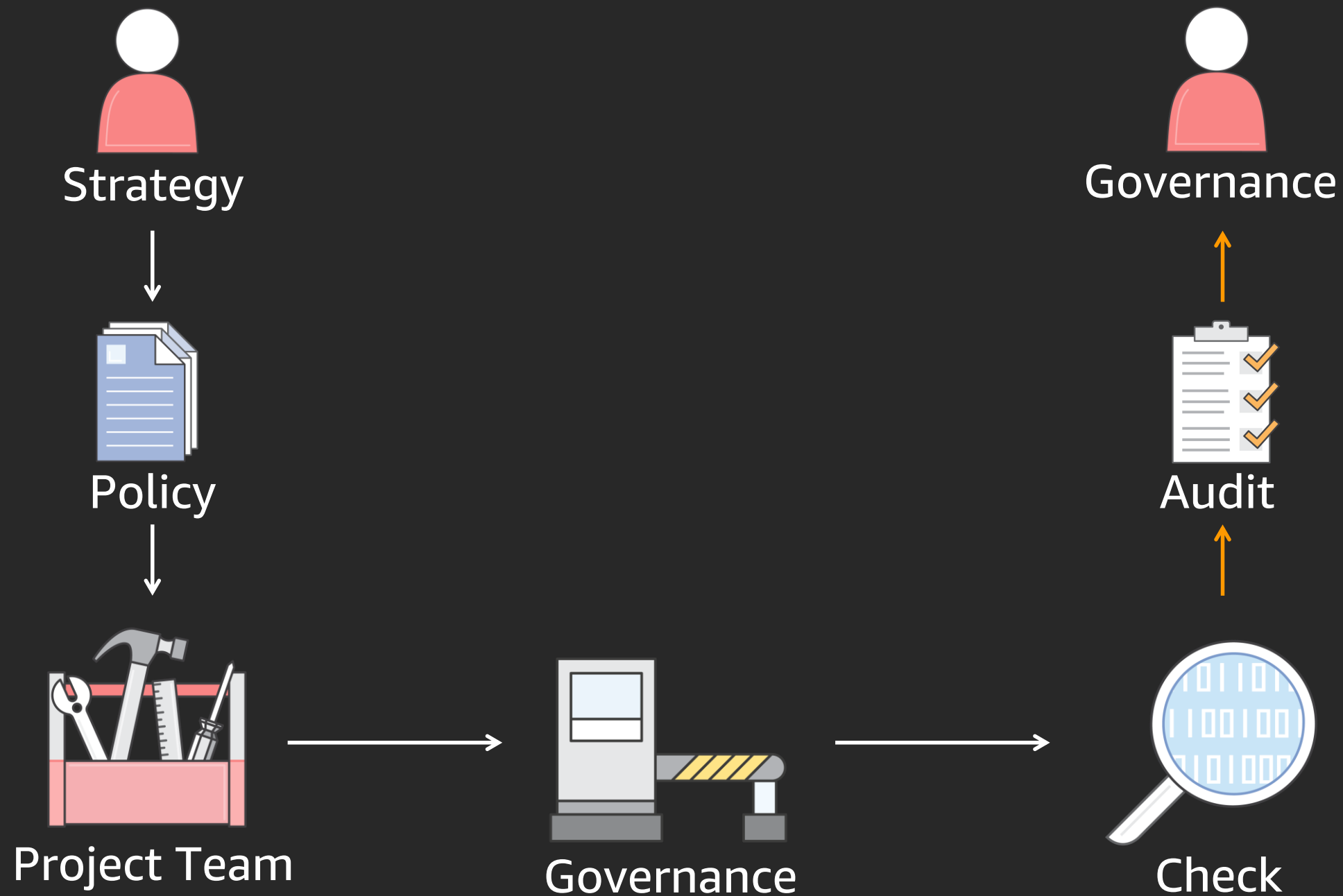
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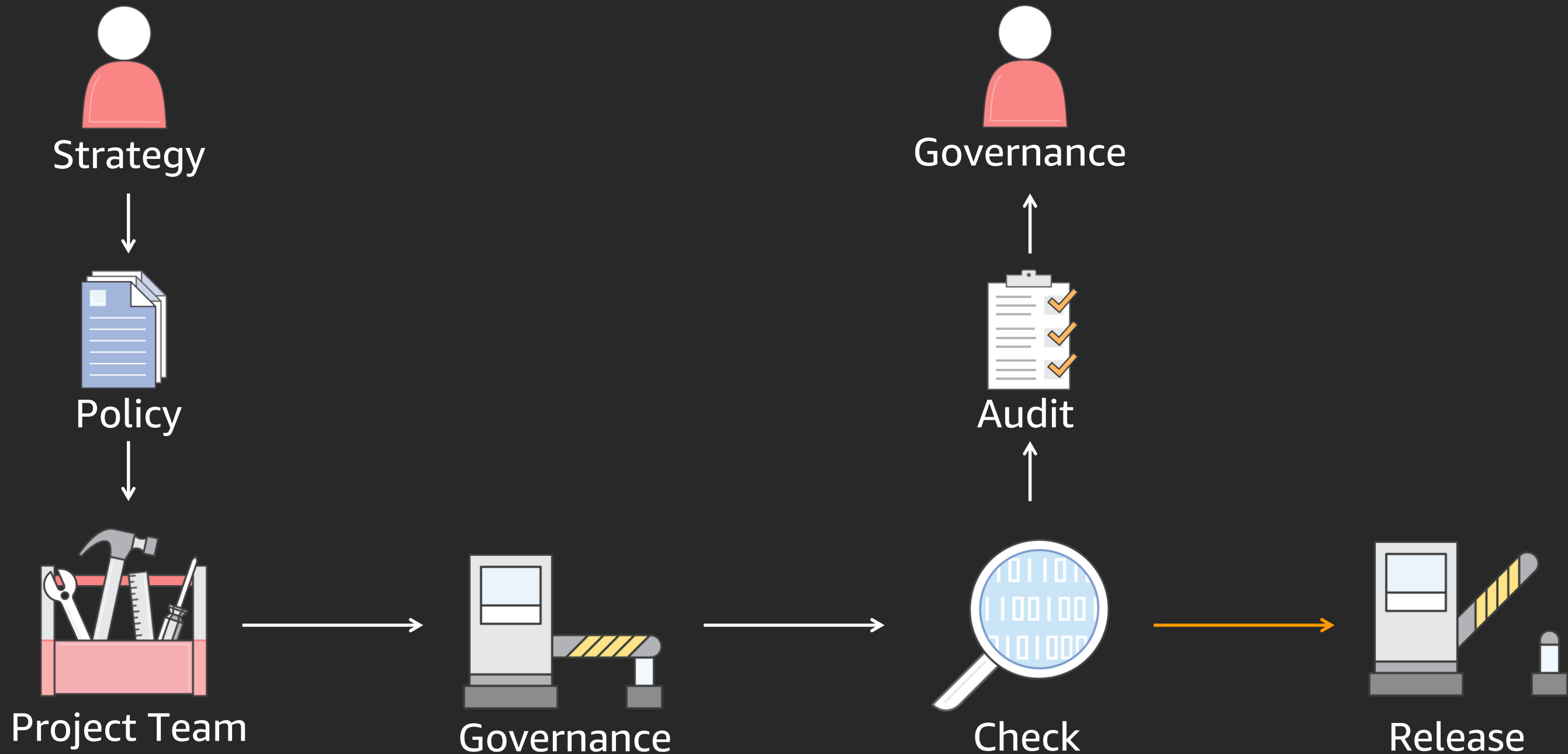


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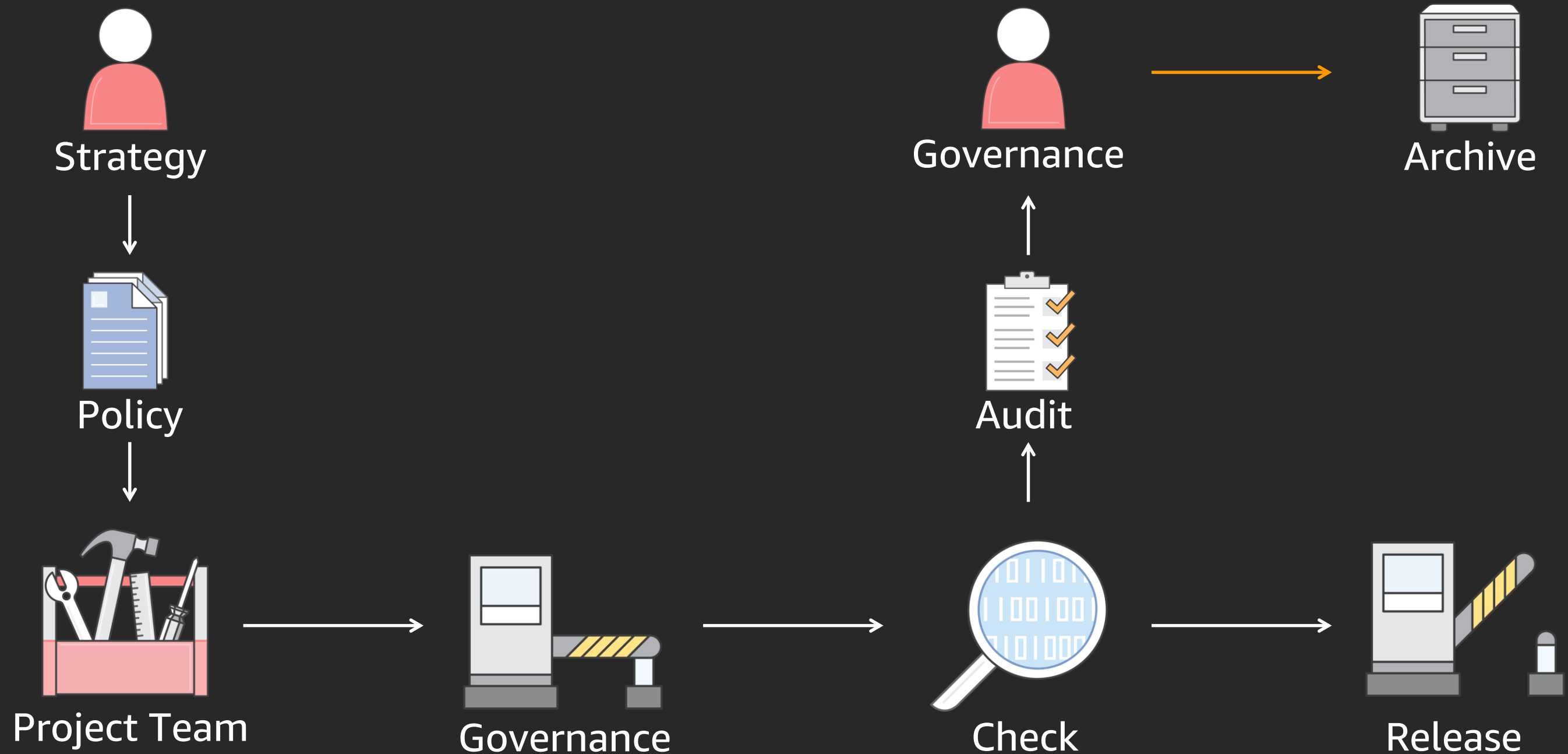




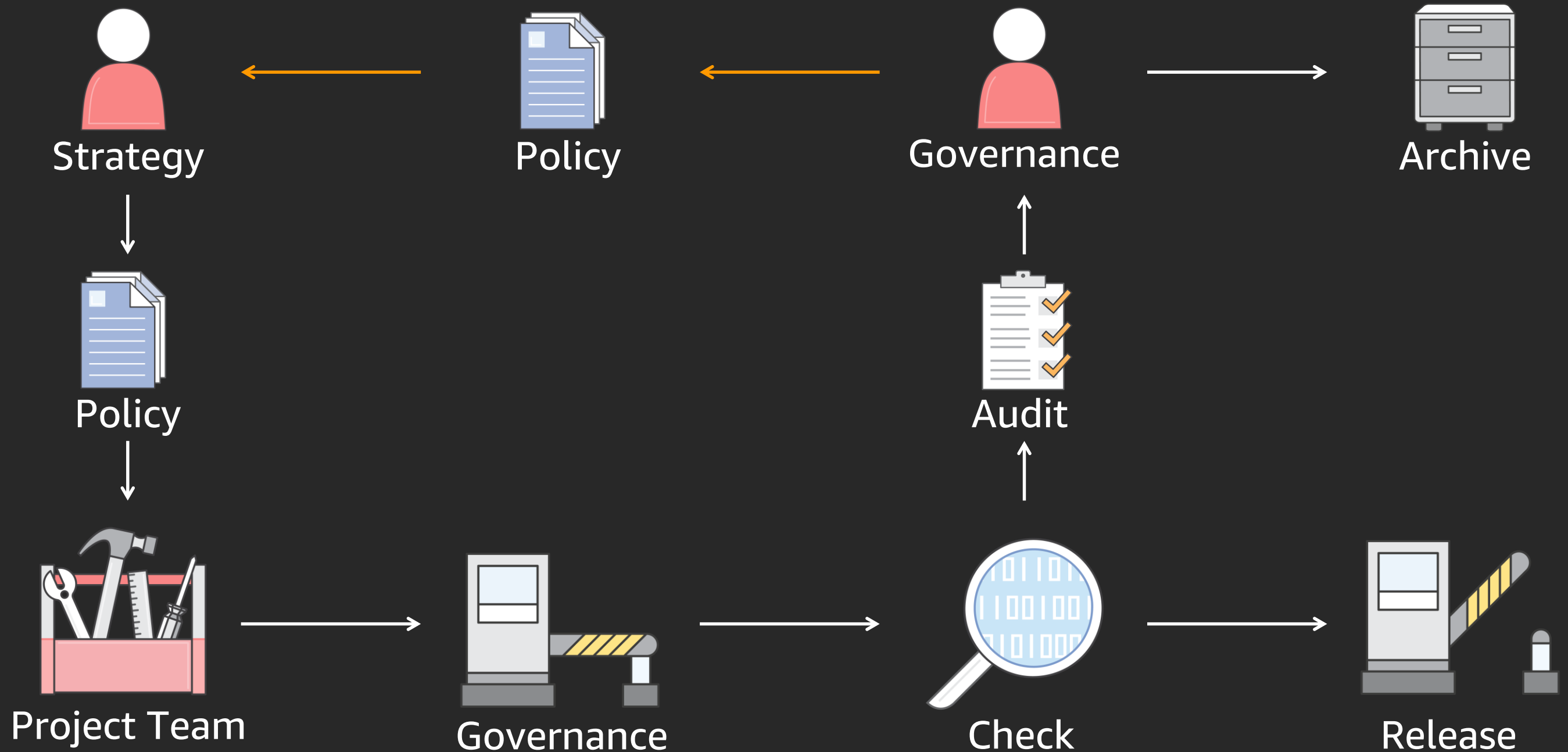
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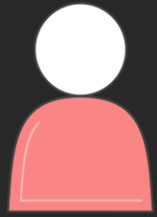
# Traditional governance flow



# Traditional governance flow



# Governance at the speed of cloud

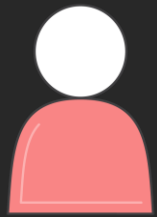


Strategy



Policy

# Governance at the speed of cloud



Strategy

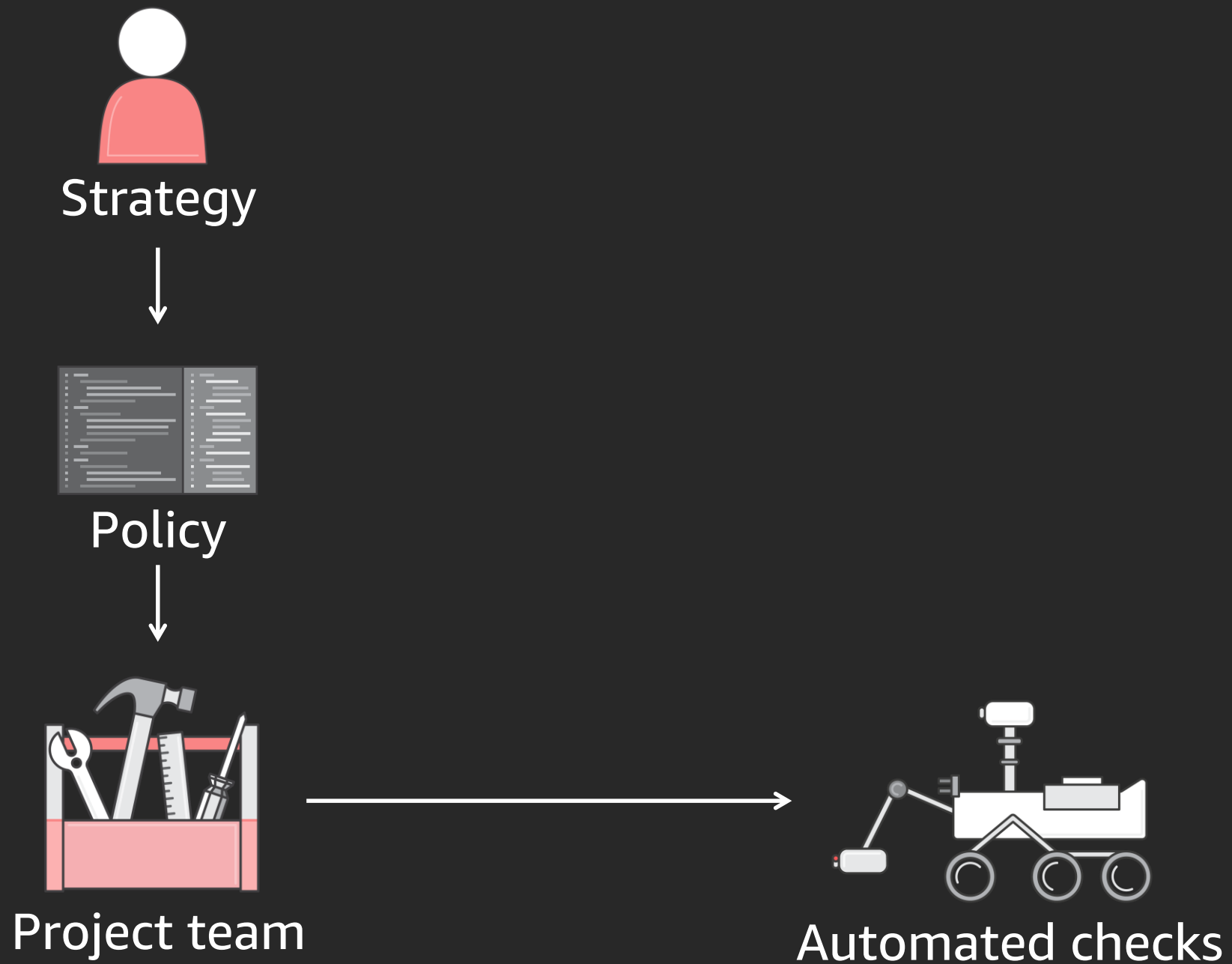


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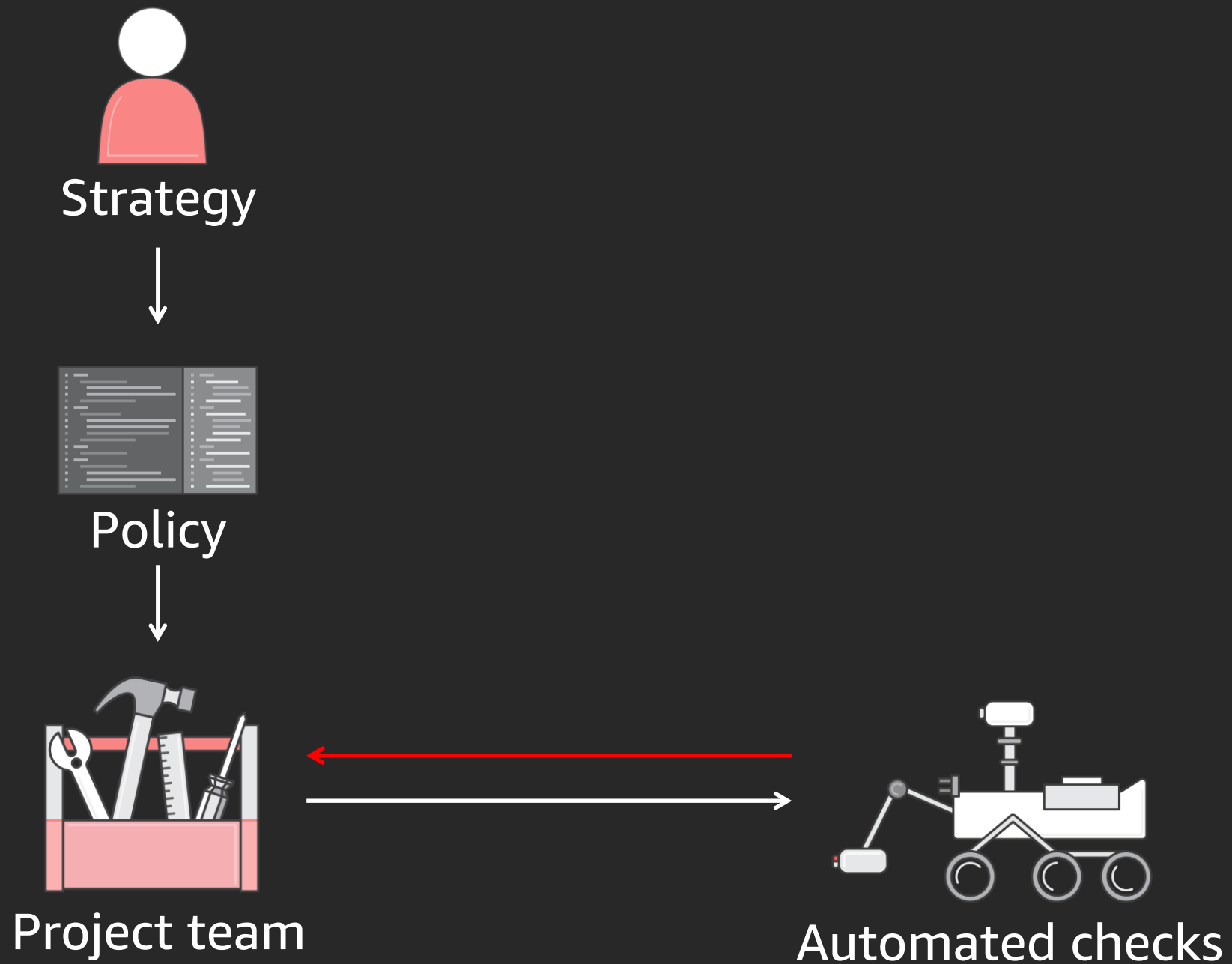


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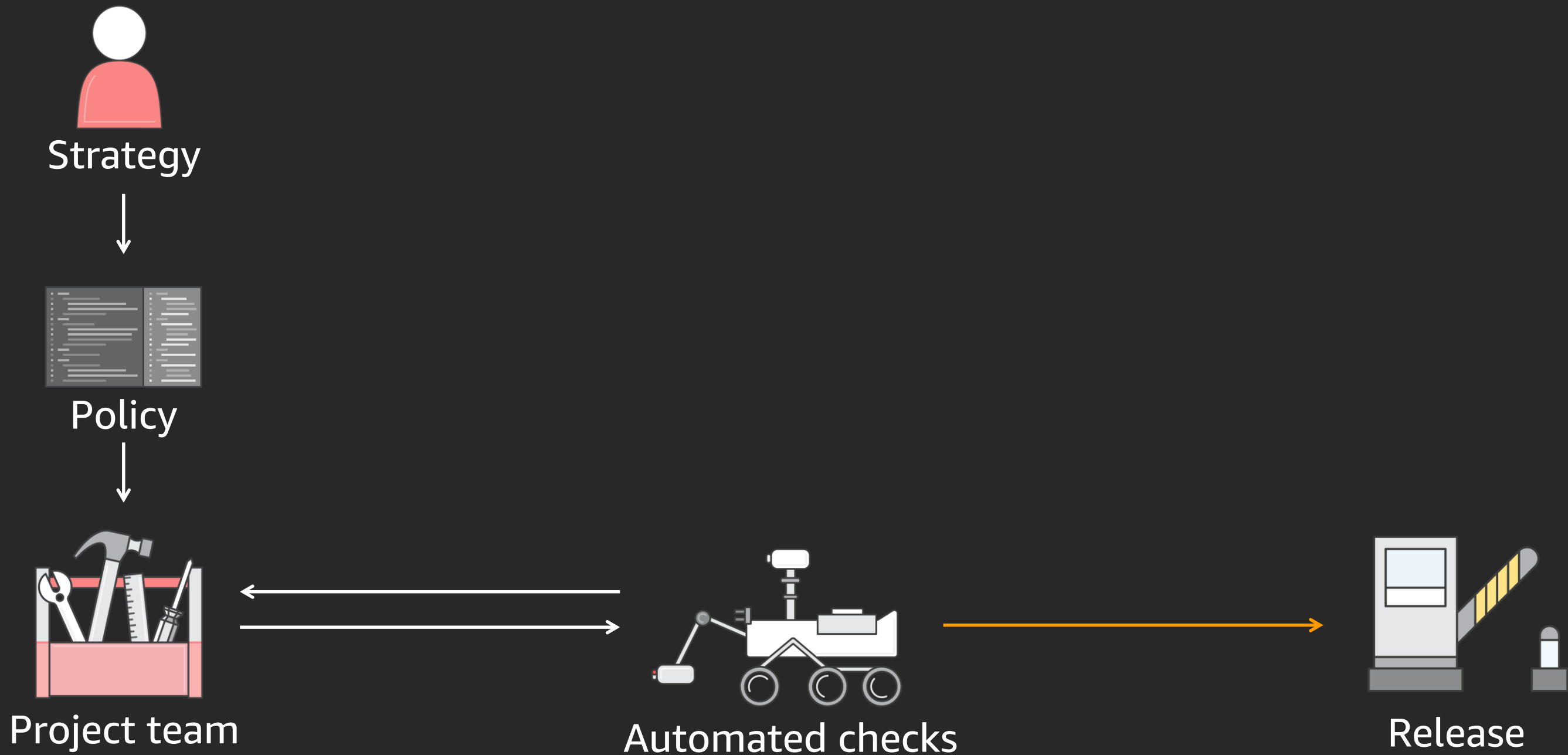
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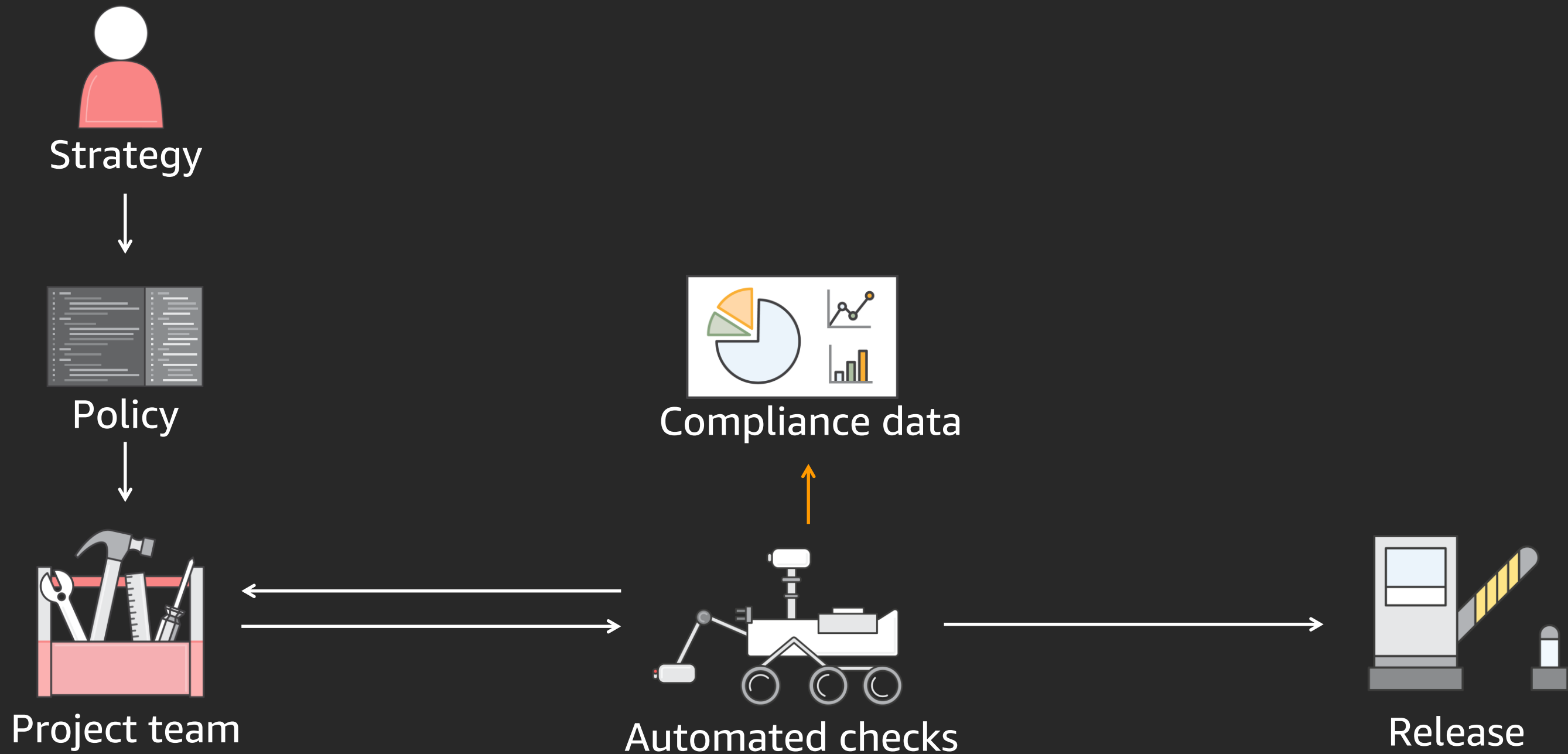


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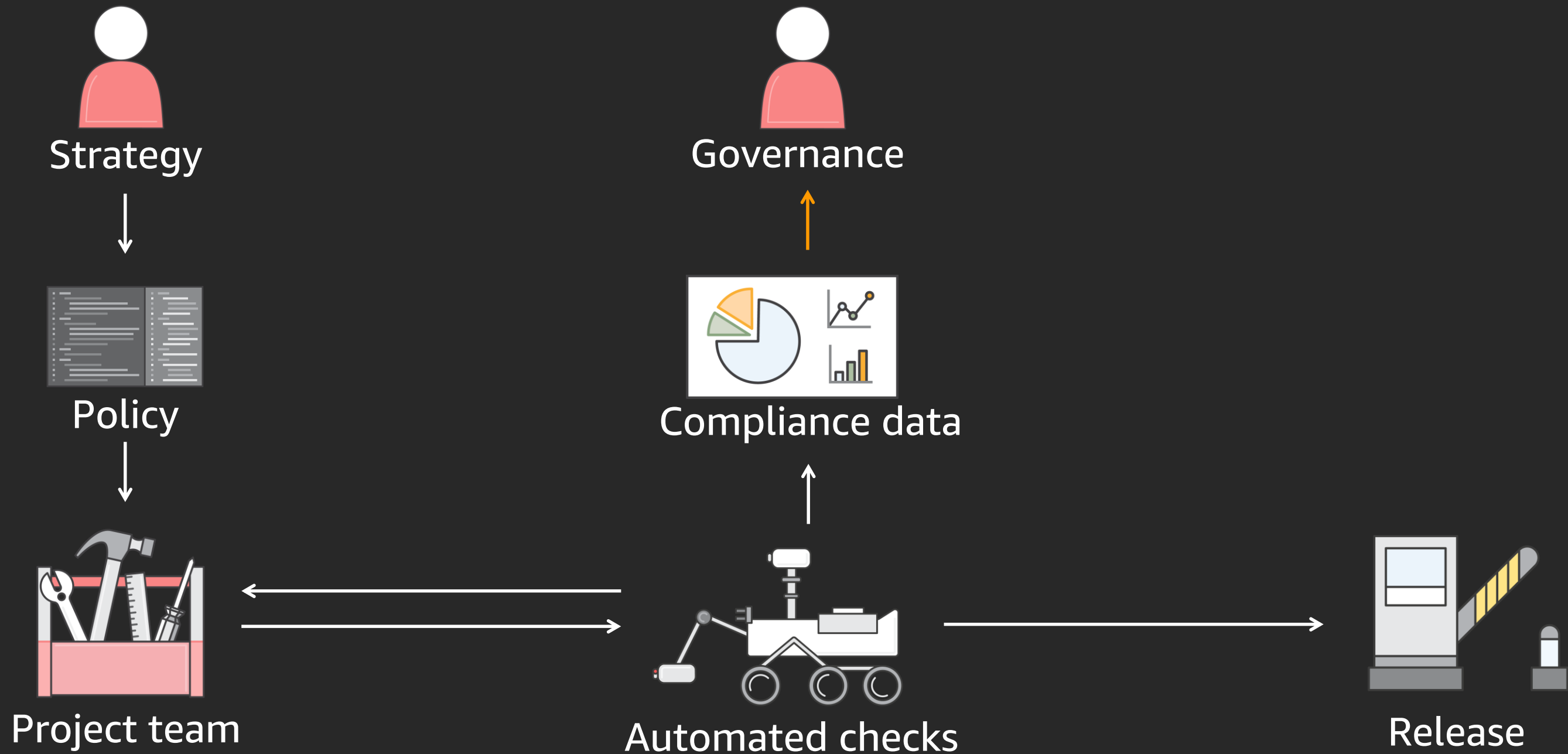




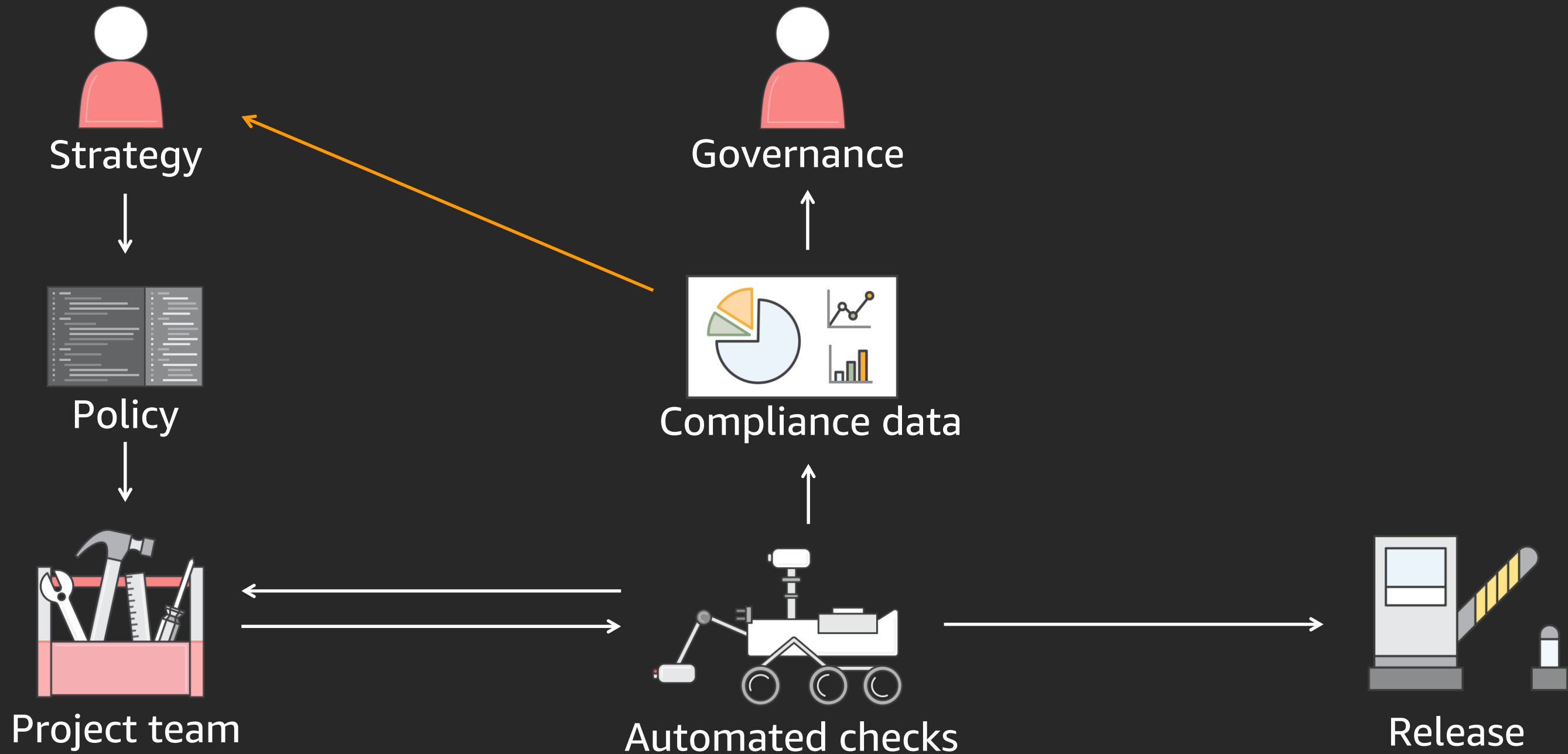
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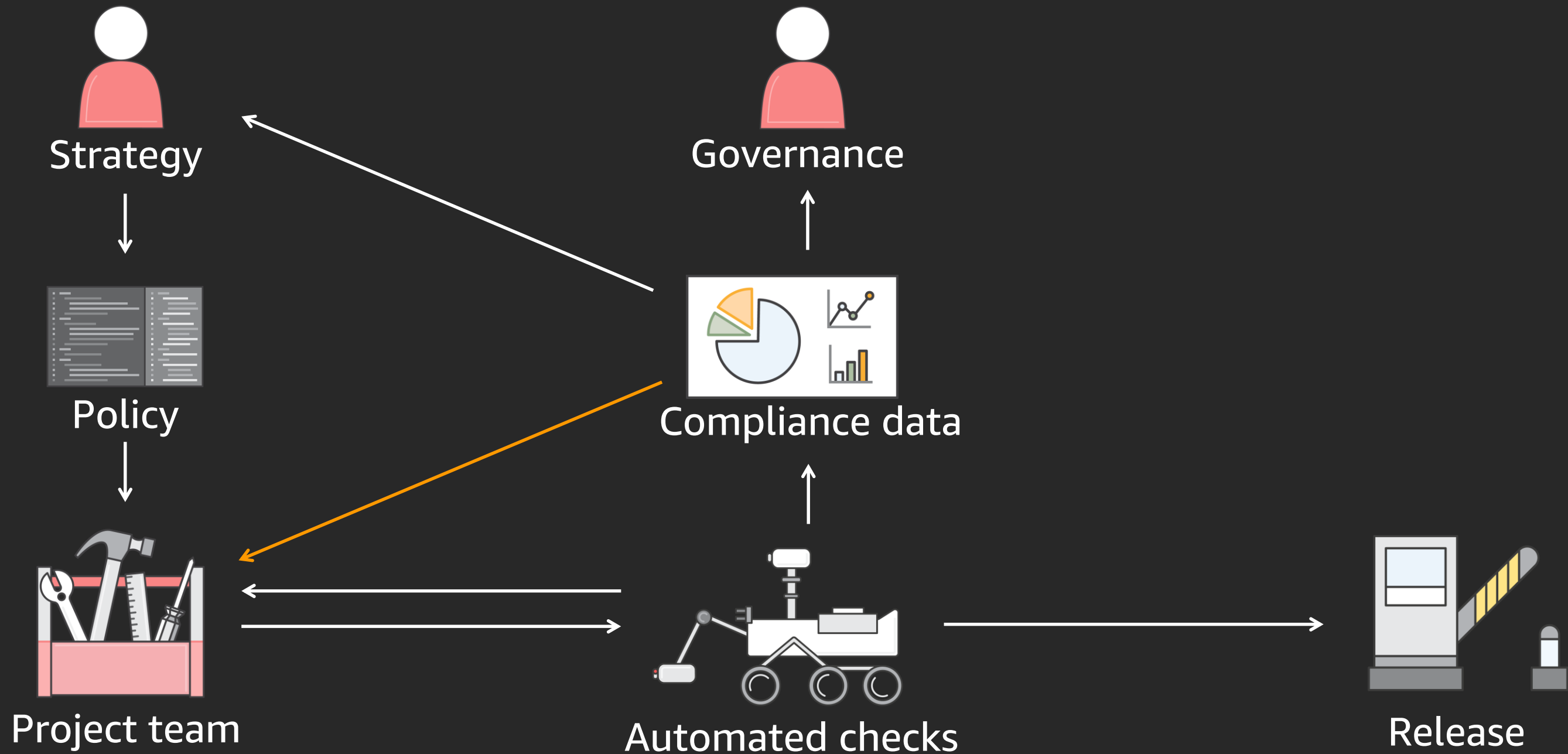
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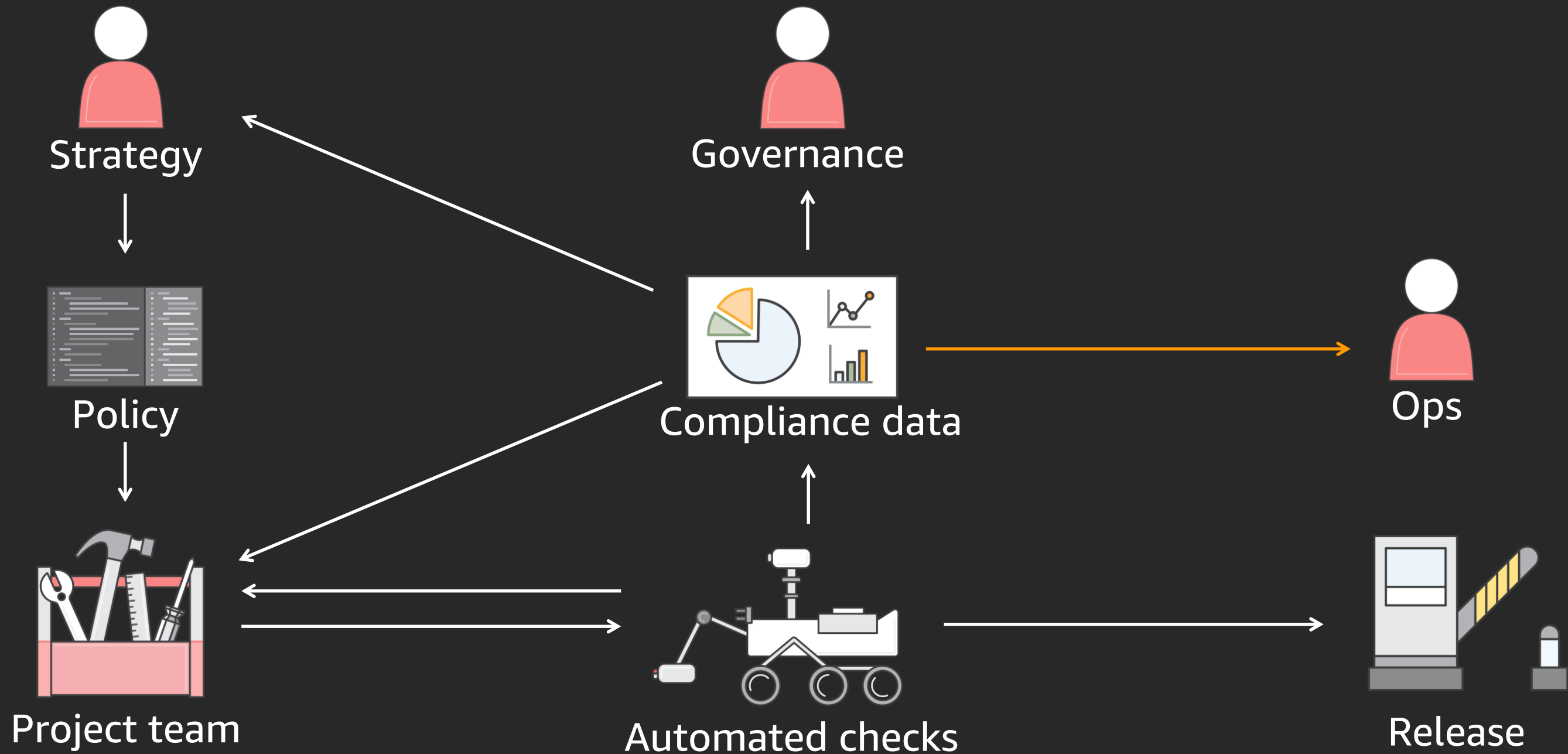
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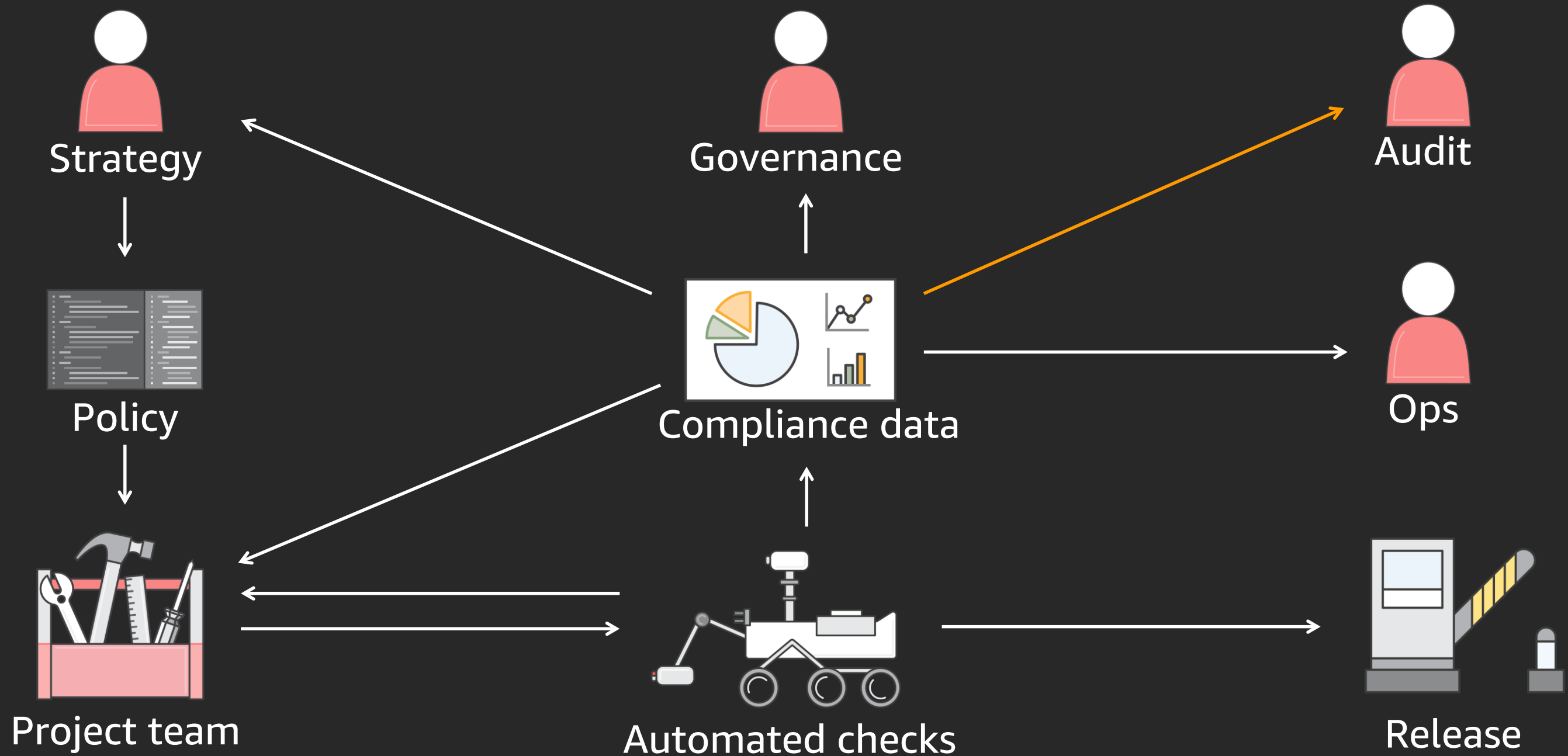
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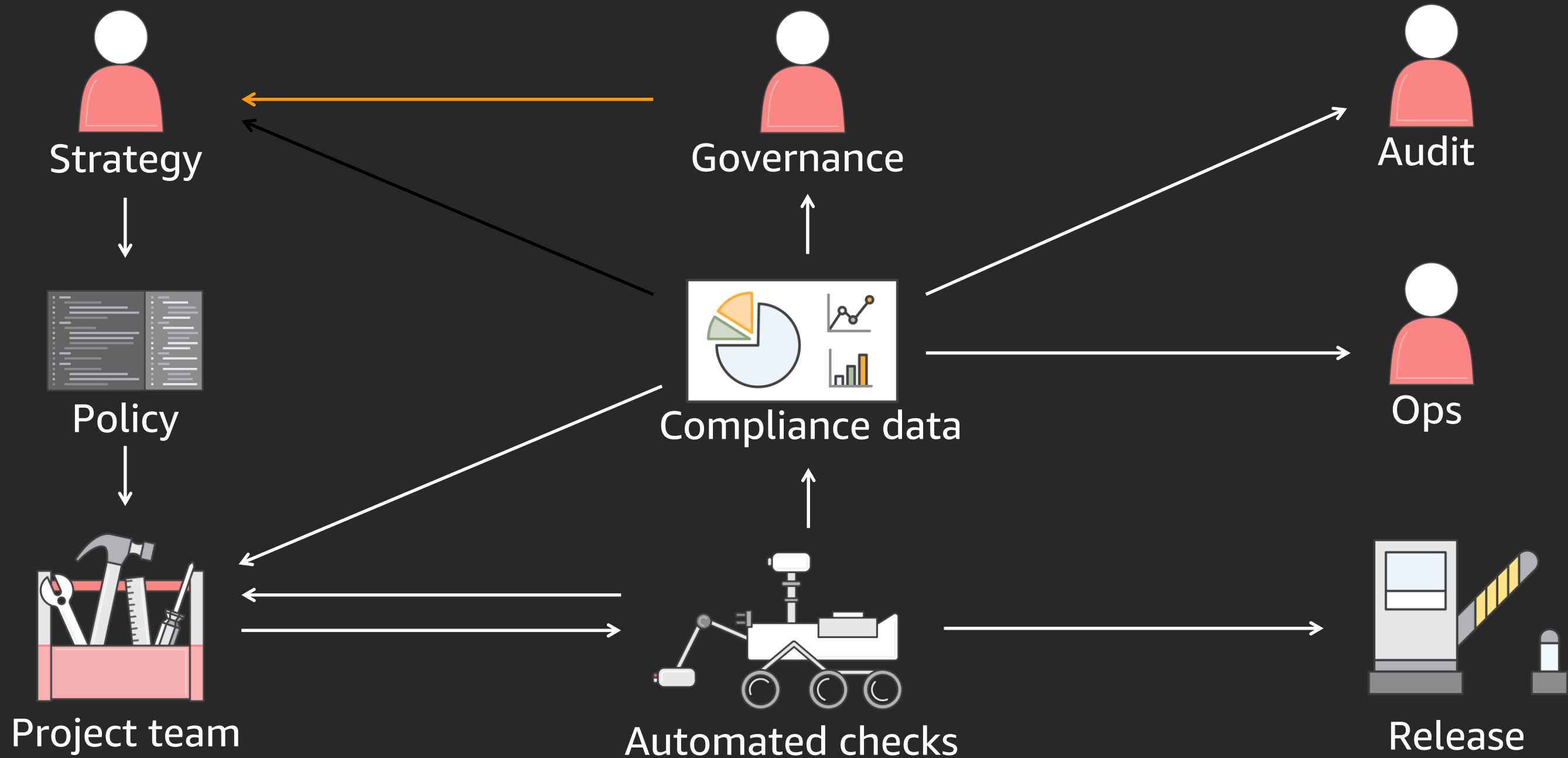
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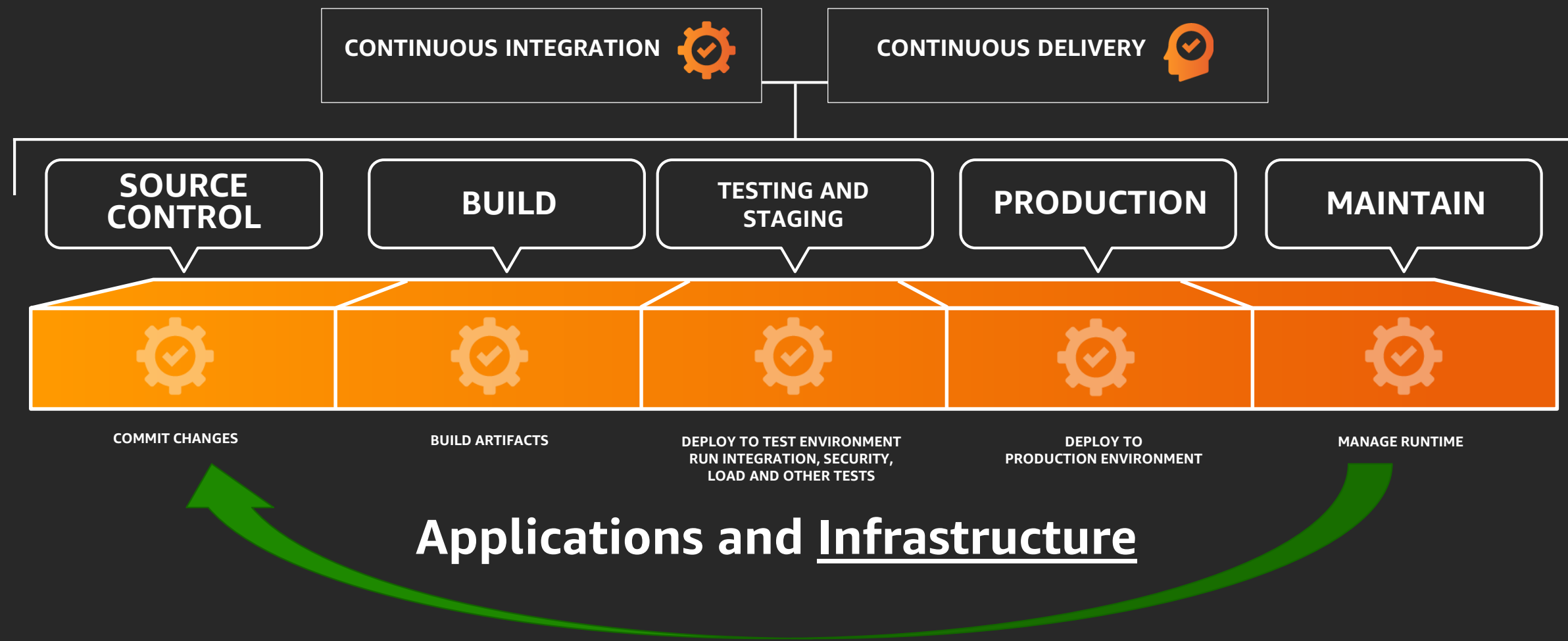
# Governance at the speed of cloud



# Governance at the speed of cloud



# 10. Be involved in the dev cycle





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# Security Hub



**aws** Services ▾ Resource Groups ▾ ⌘

Security Hub > Welcome to AWS Security Hub

## Welcome to AWS Security Hub

### Security standards

Enabling AWS Security Hub grants it permissions to conduct security checks. **Service Linked Roles (SLRs)** with the following services are used to conduct security checks: Amazon CloudWatch, Amazon SNS, AWS Config, and AWS CloudTrail.

- Enable AWS Foundational Security Best Practices v1.0.0
- Enable CIS AWS Foundations Benchmark v1.2.0
- Enable PCI DSS v3.2.1

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/securityhub/latest/userguide/securityhub-standards-fsbp.html>

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# Thank you!

Tim Rains

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